





#### Follow-up of CONFINTEA VI:

#### Reporting template for National progress reports in preparation of the Global Report on Adult Learning and Education (GRALE) and the end of the United Nations Literacy Decade (UNLD)

## National progress report submitted by the Government of Botswana

This report is submitted on behalf of the Government of Botswana in accordance with the commitments made at the Sixth International Conference on Adult Education (CONFINTEA VI)<sup>1</sup> as laid down in the *Belém Framework for Action*<sup>2</sup>, specifically with regard to monitoring its follow-up.

This report is organised in different sections according to the key areas of CONFINTEA VI. Accompanying this are the explanatory notes<sup>3</sup>, which are meant to provide further clarification.

Institution responsible for submitting	Department of Basic Education,
this report	Out of School Education and Training
Submission date	May 2012

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> For more information about CONFINTEA VI see: <a href="http://www.unesco.org/en/confinteavi/">http://www.unesco.org/en/confinteavi/</a>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Available in nine languages at <a href="http://www.unesco.org/en/confinteavi/belem-framework-for-action/">http://www.unesco.org/en/confinteavi/belem-framework-for-action/</a>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The explanatory notes are intended to be a reference material to clarify the scope and background of the reporting template and explain some basic terms.

Report elaboration	process
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Which institutions and stakeholders provided input to this report?	Mark all that apply
Government Ministries	
Agriculture	
Defence	
Education	
Foreign Affairs	
Health	
Interior/Home affairs	
Labour	
Others (please mark and specify below)	
Civil society organisations National non-governmental organisations International non-governmental organisations Educational or research institutions/Universities Private sector companies United Nations agencies Non-UN bilateral or multilateral organisations Others (please mark and specify below)	

Briefly provide any additional information on the process by which this report has been produced, including information on: 1) which types of public authorities were consulted or contributed to its preparation; 2) how the stakeholders were consulted and how the outcomes of this consultation were taken into account; and 3) the types of references used as a basis for reporting.

THIS REPORT COVERS ONLY THE UPDATE BY THE MINISTRY OF EDUCATION AND SKILLS DEVELOPMENT'S OUUT OF SCHOOL EDUCATION AND TRAINING SU-SECTOR, ESPECIALLY RELATING TO THE FOLLOWING PROGRAMMES:

- ADULT BASIC EDUCATION
- OUT OF SCHOOL EDUCATION FOR CHILDREN
- SKILLS DEVELOPMENT AND TRAINING

THE PROCESS OF REVIVING THE CONFINTEA NATIONAL COMMITTEE IS STILL ON-GOING. THE COMMITTEE SHOULD INCLUDE ALL SECTORS AND A WIDER SPECTRUM OF STAKEHOLDERS IN ADULT LEARNING AND EDUCATION AT ALL LEVELS.

1. Definitions and data collection on adult learning and educatio	n	
	Yes	No
1.1 Does your country have an official definition of <b>adult education</b> ?  If Yes, please provide it in the space below:		$\boxtimes$
<ul><li>1.1.1 Are other definitions used in practice? If Yes, please provide them in the space below:</li><li>The practice of teaching and educating adults (those whose age, social roles and/or self-perception define them as adult or deem them as mature)</li></ul>	$\boxtimes$	
1.2 Has your country adopted or developed an official definition of <b>literacy</b> ?  If Yes, please provide it in the space below:		
Literacy is a responsive and context specific multi-dimensional lifelong learning process designed to equip beneficiaries with specialised knowledge, skills, attitudes and techniques to independently engage in practices and genres involving listening, speaking, reading, writing, numeracy, technical functioning and critical thinking required in real life. Ref: Botswana National Literacy Survey: 2003.		
1.2.1 Are other definitions used in practice?  If Yes, please provide them in the space below:		$\boxtimes$
1.3 How is literacy data obtained in your country?		
Please select the option(s) below National census School administrative data (years of schooling completed/primary certificate) Direct testing (e.g. Literacy Assessment and Monitoring Programme, LAMP) Household surveys Other methodology (please describe below): Adult literacy tests done during Literacy Surveys		
1.4 Has your country changed literacy data collection methods since the UNLD mid-term review in 2006?		$\boxtimes$
If Yes, please select the option(s) below that best describe the change(s)  New conceptual definition on literacy in place (for policy)  New conceptual definition on literacy in place (for data collection only)  New assessment of youth and/or adults' literacy skills  Increase in the periodicity without significant conceptual changes  Other changes (please provide details below):		
1.5 Has your country faced challenges in collecting literacy data?  If Yes, please describe them briefly in the space below: Inadequate national reporting systems (NRS) for data on Non-formal Education, Terrain problems, inefficient systems of monitoring and data collection, administrative problems with decentralised systems,		

1.6 Please provide any additional information, explanations or comments that you consider relevant in order to clarify any potential issues regarding the information in this section.

### 2. Policy: political commitment to adult education and adult literacy

primary focus of support	ing lifelong le	al regulations or other public policy measur earning, adult education and adult literacy? acted and adding documentation/evidence,	Please name		
	Yes No	If Yes: name of legal/policy instrume references (add as many lines as needed,		Year	
Lifelong learning Adult education Adult literacy		Revised National Policy on Education same same		1994	
2.2 Which target groups of learners do current national adult education and/or adult literacy policies address? Examples could include women, youth, indigenous peoples, minority linguistic/ethnic groups, migrants, individuals with disabilities, rural residents, prisoners and others (please specify). Which age groups are targeted? What is the size of the target group?					
		fic target groups, including age range (add as many lines as needed)		umber of in the group	
Adult education			estimate illiterates w education 89.7% Ne Rate for the and 88.4% year childi They als dropout fig	urvey 2003 s 323,000 rhile primary a shows an t Enrolment e 6-12 years for the 7-13 ren in 2011. so show a ure of about	
Adult literacy	out of sch	ool children and youth (06-19years) and adults	3000 chil	dren in the e year.	
2.3 Has your country set any goals and deadlines that national policy/ies in adult education and/or adult literacy are expected to reach? If yes, please specify the goal and, if applicable, relevant timeframe.					
	Yes No	Specify goal	Specify	timeframe	
Adult education Adult literacy					
2.4 Does your country he education?	ave a policy	on the language of instruction in adult	Yes	No	
If Yes, please provide a brief explanation and references in the space below including when it was put in place:  The Botswana Language Policy specifies Setswana and English as languages of instruction for all education.					

2.5 Does your country have a policy framework to recognise, validate and accredit non-formal and informal learning?	Yes	No			
	$\boxtimes$				
If Yes, please provide a brief explanation and references in the space below, including when this policy framework was put in place:  Skills development is assessed and accredited by the Boswana Training Authority (BOTA) while nonformal basic education will be assessed and accredited by the Botswana Examinations Council (BEC). The BEC is in the process of developing an appropriate alternative mode of assessment for the Adult Basic Education and the Out of School Education for Children programmes.					
		'			
2.6 Have action plans been formulated or updated since CONFINTEA VI (December 2009) at national or sub-national level?	Yes	No			
Adult education	$\boxtimes$				
If Yes, please provide a brief explanation and references: The Skills Development and Training Programme has been reviewed and diversified in 2011 (see the Programme Framework for Skills Development and Training)					
Adult literacy	$\boxtimes$				
If Yes, please provide a brief explanation and references: The Out of School Education for Children Programme is currently being developed with UNICEF support, following the Stakeholders consultation seminar held in March 2011.					

2.7 Have adult education and adult literacy been included in other national plans/strategies?							
Adult education:	Mark all that apply	Timeframe	References				
National Development Plan	$\boxtimes$	2009-2016	NDP 10 National Strategy for Poverty				
Poverty Reduction Strategy Paper			Eradication/Guidelines Ministry of Education and Skills Development Strategic				
Education strategy	$\boxtimes$		Plan Ministry changed focus and				
Skills development (including vocational education and training) strategy			name towards skills development				
Education For All Fast Track Initiative (EFA FTI) Education Sector Plan Sustainable development strategy							

Other (specify in the space below)			
Adult literacy:	Mark all that apply	Timeframe	References
National Development Plan	$\boxtimes$		NDP 10
Poverty Reduction Strategy Paper			National Strategy for Poverty Eradication/Guidelines
Education strategy			Ministry of Education and Skills Development Strategic Plan The Skills Development and Training Programme reviewed
Skills development (including vocational education and training) strategy	$\boxtimes$		and diversified in liine with the Ministry's changed focus
Education For All Fast Track Initiative (EFA FTI) Education Sector Plan Sustainable development strategy Other (specify in the space below)			

2.8 Have adult learners and/or adult literacy learners been involved in discussions about your policy and or plans?					
	Yes	No	Specify policy/plan (add as many lines as needed)	References	
Adult education					
Adult literacy	$\boxtimes$		The following programmes have all been		
			heavily consulted with stakeholders at		
			different levels:		
			- Adult Basic Education Programme		
			- Skills Development and Training Programme		
			- Out of School Education for Children		
If Yes, please elaborate	how th	ney ha			
Stakeholders were heavily consulted at different levels - (in conferences, seminars, taskgroups, community Kgotla meetings, surveys for learner needs assessment) during the development of the following programmes:  - Adult Basic Education Programme - Skills Development and Training Programme - Out of School Education for Children  The adult population who constitute OSET learners were also heavily involved in the consultations towards formulation in the Revised National Policy on Education					
2 9 Please provide any a	additio	nal info	ormation, explanations or comments that you	u consider relevant in	
order to clarify any potential issues regarding the information in this section.					

#### 3. Governance: governance and cooperation in adult education and adult literacy

3.1 Please list the names of organisations, institutions or agencies that are involved in planning, implementing and evaluating policies for adult education and adult literacy. Please mark/tick the level(s) at which they operate (national, sub-national). Governmental: Institution Is it involved in the implementation of Geographical scope programmes/courses? (add as many lines (mark all that apply) as needed) (mark all that apply) National Sub-national On adult education On adult literacy Out of School  $\boxtimes$  $\bowtie$  $\bowtie$ Education and Training MOESD Regional  $\boxtimes$  $\boxtimes$  $\boxtimes$ Operations Rural Development  $\boxtimes$  $\boxtimes$ Council Women's Affairs  $\boxtimes$  $\boxtimes$ Department University of  $\boxtimes$  $\boxtimes$  $\bowtie$ Botswana  $\boxtimes$  $\boxtimes$ **BOCODOL** Non-Governmental: Is it involved in the implementation of Institution Geographical scope (add as many lines programmes/courses? (mark all that apply) as needed) (mark all that apply) Sub-national On adult education National On adult literacy Botswana Council of  $\boxtimes$  $\boxtimes$ Churches  $\boxtimes$  $\boxtimes$ Thuto Isago Indigenous language  $\boxtimes$  $\bowtie$ associations 3.2 Is there any entity at national level responsible for ensuring the coordination of Yes No adult education and/or adult literacy activities? Adult education  $\boxtimes$ П

If Yes, please provide name and contact details: Rural Extension Coordinating Committee Rural Development Council Ministry of Finance and Development Planning Botswana		
	Adult literacy	
If Yes, please provide name and contact details: Out of School Education and Training Division Private Bag 0043 Gaborone Botswana		

3.3 Does the national government conduct specific actions intended to facilitate cooperation among the different stakeholders in	Yes	No	
adult education?	$\boxtimes$		
If Yes, please indicate what activities are undertaken and/or which frameworks are in references: Periodic EFA Reviews Periodic MDGs Reviews Implementation of EFA action plan	place and pro	ovide	
adult literacy?			
If Yes, please indicate what activities are undertaken and/or which frameworks are in references:	place and pro	ovide	
Periodic EFA Reviews Periodic MDGs Reviews Annual Literacy Forum International Literacy Day and Learners Week commemorations Specific consultations for specific programme reviews National Development / District Development / Urban Development Planning processes	es		
3.4 Does the national government provide capacity-building to ensure that the different stakeholders are able to participate in policy and programme development, implementation and evaluation in	Yes	No	
adult education?	$\boxtimes$		
If Yes, please indicate what activities are undertaken and provide references:			
<ul> <li>Full time adult educators are trainied by the University of Botswana (39 are currently are training for Diploma in Adult Education)</li> <li>Full time adult educators are trainied by the Rural Extension Coordinating Committee's Basic Extension Skills Training course (42 adult educators trained in 2011 and 11 in 2012.</li> <li>Re-tooling of part time adult educators to cope with the reviewed programmes (338 were trained by</li> </ul>			
February 2012)			
adult literacy?	$\boxtimes$		
If Yes, please indicate what activities are undertaken and provide references: A total of 338 Part time Adult Educators have been re-tooled for ABEP delivery			
3.5 Do local communities play a role in the planning, implementation and evaluation of programmes in	Yes	No	
adult education?adult literacy?	$\boxtimes$		
3.6 Please provide any additional information, explanations or comments that you con	ısider relevan	t in	
order to clarify any potential issues regarding the information in this section.			
Communities have Village Development Committees, Village Extension Teams and V	illage Out of S	School	

Education Advisory Committees that that advise and monitor adult education and adult literacy initiatives at grassroot levels.

4. Financing: investment in adult education and adult literacy										
4.1 Data on public expenditure provided in this questionnaire should refer to actual expenditure. If actual expenditure is not available, please provide budget allocation. Please indicate which data are reported:										
	Actual expenditure			Budget alloca	ation					
	$\boxtimes$									
4.2 Dlagas in	4.2 Please indicate the name of the currency used for reporting:									
		•		J. FOR OUT OF SCHO	OL EDUCATION					
	na Pula(BwP) THIS IS T RAINING ONLY	THE EXPE	NDITURE	FOR OUT OF SCHO	OL EDUCATION					
4.3 Please in	ndicate the monetary unit used	d in the follo	wing tabl	es:						
Units	Hundreds			ısands	Millions					
O'mo				<b>⊠</b>						
4.4 What wa 2009 and 20	s the overall public expenditur 10 (in nominal local currency)	re on educa ? <sup>4</sup>	ition and	training in the financia	I years ending in					
	,	Amount	(2009)	Amount (2010)	Source					
	National government	110,627	,667	89,944,652	GOVERNMANT					
	Sub-national governments <sup>5</sup>									
	Total									
		•								
4.5 Are equivavailable?	valent figures on the financial	contribution	s to adul	t education by the follo	owing agents					
		Amount	(2009)	Amount (2010)	Not available					
	National government	Same		Same						
	Sub-national governments⁵									
	Civil society organisations									
Donors	s/international aid (not loans)									
	Private companies									
	Learners/households									
4.6 Are equivalent figures on the financial contributions to adult literacy by the following agents available?										
		Amount	(2009)	Amount (2010)	Not available					
	National government	Same		Same						
	Sub-national governments <sup>5</sup>									
	Civil society organisations									
Donors	s/international aid (not loans)									
	Private companies									

Learners/households

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Include both current and capital expenditure on education and training directly allocated to educational institutions as well as transfers and payments to students (scholarships, grants or loans for tuition fees and/or living expenses) and the private sector. Exclude expenditure other than for educational institutions (e.g. general administration at ministry level). If the information is not available, please provide the best possible estimates. In any case, attach a detailed explanation on how this amount was computed and possible anomalies (elements not covered, etc.). 
<sup>5</sup> Control for the potential double-counting effect of transfers across different government levels.

4.7 Have new mechanisms or sources of funding for adult education and adult literacy been introduced since CONFINTEA VI (December 2009)?	Yes	No
	$\boxtimes$	
If Yes, please provide a brief description:		
Intensifies partnerships with stakeholders e.g. UNICEF is funding the development of Education for Children programme	of Out of	School
4.8 Please provide any additional information, explanations or comments that you colorder to clarify any potential issues regarding the information in this section.	nsider rel	levant in

## 5. Participation: youth and adults' access to, and participation in, education and literacy programmes

5.1 Please indicate the areas of learning that are addressed by different organisations. Identify target groups (for example women, youth, indigenous peoples, minority linguistic/ethnic groups, migrants, individuals with disabilities, rural residents, prisoners and others) and if information and communication technologies (ICTs) are used.

Public sector organisations	Mark all	Target group(s)	Use of
	that apply	5 5 1	ICT
		Women make up 66% in	
		the Adult Basic Education	
		Programme.	
		Learning groups in some	
		districts do access	
		computers provided	
		through partnership with	
		the Botswana Training	
		Authority (the HiWEL	
		project), the Botswana	
		National Library Services	
		(the Sesigo project) and	
		recently the Botswana	
		Telecommunications	
		Authority (computers and	
		sewing machines offered	
		as part of community	
		support to hosting	
		communities during the	
		World Telecommunications	
		and Information Society	
		Day - under the Theme:	
Literacy (reading, writing, numeracy)		Women and Girls in ICT.	
		Women make up 80% i	
		Skills Development and	
		Training Programme and	
Vocational (technical, income-generation-related)		Income Generating	
vocational (technical, income-generation-related)		Projects Content infused into the	
		Adult Basic Education	
		Pogramme, Skills	
		Development and Training	
		Programme and Out of	
		School Education for	
Life skills and/or health issues	$\boxtimes$	Children programme	
Use of information and communication			
technologies			
		All education and training	
		programmes are delivered	
		in official language	
		(English) and local	
Official/local languages		language (Setswana)	┞── 볼──
Foreign languages			

Human rights/civic education	$\boxtimes$	Content infused into the Adult Basic Education Pogramme, Skills Development and Training Programme and Out of School Education for Children programme	
Liberal education/personal growth (i.e. artistic, cultural) Other	$\boxtimes$	Content infused into the Adult Basic Education Pogramme, Skills Development and Training Programme and Out of School Education for Children programme	
(please provide a brief description below:)			
Private companies	Mark all		Use of
i iivate companies	that apply	Target group(s)	ICT
Literacy (reading, writing, numeracy)			
Vocational (technical, income-generation-related)			
Life skills and/or health issues	ā		
Use of information and communication technologies			
Official/local languages			
Foreign languages			
Human rights/civic education			
Liberal education/personal growth (i.e. artistic, cultural)			
Other (please provide a brief description below:)			
Civil society or non-governmental	Mark all		Use of
organisations	that apply	Target group(s)	ICT
Literacy (reading, writing, numeracy)			
Vocational (technical, income-generation-related)			
Life skills and/or health issues			
Use of information and communication	_		_
technologies			
Official/local languages			
Foreign languages			
Human rights/civic education			
Liberal education/personal growth (i.e. artistic, cultural)			
Other (please provide a brief description below:)			

5.2 Are there surveys on provision and dem	and?							
	Provision	Demand						
	adult education On adult literacy							
Please provide references or attach reports that may have been produced with the information generated by these surveys (if any).								
	5.3 Please list which languages are used for the provision of literacy programmes. Indicate if learning materials are available in the respective language.							
(add as many lines as neede	,	Mark if langua	nge of learning materials					
	Setswana							
	English							
Some of the indigenous languages e.g. has translated	Naro language - d ABEP materials							
5.4 List and describe briefly any key challen other than the official/dominant language(s).		ementing literacy	classes in languages					
<ul> <li>No orthography in most of the local langua</li> <li>Other laguages have no lexicon</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Few translations done already by other languages</li> <li>No orthography in most of the local languages</li> <li>Other laguages have no lexicon</li> <li>Ref: A Study of the Third Language Teaching in Botswana (May 2005)</li> </ul>							
5.5 Have the languages in which literacy pro	ogrammes are offer	red changed	Yes No					
since the UNLD mid-term review in 2006?								
If Yes, please provide a brief description and	d references:	_						
5.6 At what administrative levels are literacy process?	learning materials	developed and w	ho is involved in the					
	Mark all that	Are local co	ommunities involved?					
	apply	Yes	No					
National level	$\boxtimes$	$\boxtimes$						
Sub-national level								
Please provide references or attach documents on local community participation: - Community members were part of the stakeholder participation in the development of ABEP curriculum and learning materials - lead by UIL.								
- Other laguages associations were provided with ABEP materials softcopies to translate wher possible.								
- The Special Education Division of the Ministry of Education and Skilss Development was provided with								

softcopies to transste the ABEP materials into Braille for the sight impaired.						
delicopies to transite the ABET materials into Brains for the signit impaired.						

5.7 Please provide any additional information, explanations or comments that you consider relevant in order to clarify any potential issues regarding the information in 5.1 to 5.6. Pay particular attention to innovative practices and services for marginalised groups.						
E O December and a contract of the state of	-11	- 0			11000	-11 (11
5.8 Does the government collect information on the formation of the format	ollowing item	S?				all that ply
Enrolment in adult education programmes	s (other than	literacy	/ program	mes)		]
Attendance in adult education programme	s (other than	literacy	y program	mes)		
Completion of adult education programmes	s (other than	literacy	y program	mes)		
	Enrolment in					₫
	Attendance in					⅓
	Completion of				<u> </u>	
If this information is available please attach the corre references:	sponaing ligi	ires an	а аосите	entation, (	or provi	ae trie
Adult Basic Education Ilearners: 7305 (3160 Female	s and 1163 N	/lales)	as at May	2012		
5.9 Does the government measure the learning outco (mark all that apply)	omes of the fo	ollowin	g progran	nmes?		
	Only by		dardised	Standar		
	teachers/		sts for tistical	tests certific	I ( )thar	
	facilitators		poses	purpo		
Adult education programmes (other than literacy)						
Adult literacy programmes			$\boxtimes$	$\boxtimes$		
If this information is available please attach the corre references:	sponding figu	ıres arı	nd docume	entation, (	or provi	ide the
ABEP Level 1: 5606 Leve II: 1292 Level III: 407						
5.10 Are there differences between men and women participation in adult education and/or adult literacy p		neir	١,,	Mark all th	1	<del>`</del>
participation in addit education and/or addit increasy p	rogrammos:		10	es		No 🗆
	Adult educ					
	Adult lite	eracy				
			Adult ed	ducation	Adult	t literacy
If yes: Who	participates n		, iddi: 00	7	71001	
	Women					
If there are differences: Have measures have b			Y	es		No
address these differences in adult educ		-				
	program Adult educ		Г	٦		
	Adult lite			j		$\boxtimes$
If measures have been undertaken please provide a	brief descrip	tion an	d referenc	es:		

5.11 Please provide any additional information, explanations or comments that you consider relevant in order to clarify any potential issues regarding the information in 5.8 to 5.10. Pay particular attention to equity-related issues regarding access, participation and outcomes.

### 6. Quality: quality assurance

6.1 Do quality criteria for adult education and adult literacy exist in the following areas: curriculum, learning materials, facilitators' training, teaching/learning methodology and assessment of learning outcomes? If yes, please specify. Since when have they been in place?						
Adult education						
Area	Mark when quality criteria are in place	Indicate year when quality criteria were introduced	Specify quality criteria in place			
Curricula						
Learning materials						
Facilitators' training						
Teaching/ learning methods						
Assessment of learning outcomes						

Adult literacy			
Area	Mark when quality criteria are in place	Indicate year when quality criteria were introduced	Specify quality criteria in place
Curricula		Established in line with Recommendatio n 2 of the Revised National Policy on Education (1994)	National curriculum quality assurance structures: the Ministry of Education and Skills Development' Inter-Departmental Curriculum Task Force     Ministerial Performance Imrovement Committee (MPIC)
Learning materials			- Teaching/learning materials are also put through the Inter-Departmental Curriculum Task Force for quality assurance - For internally developed materials, professional editors and publishers do work with curriculum and material developers for quality purposes.
Facilitators' training			University of Botswana - Adult Education trains full time facilitators - for preservice and inservice training
Teaching/ learning methods			University of Botswana - Adult Education trains full time facilitators - preservice and inservice training

		Out of School Education and Training (OSET) trainins part time facilitators and mentors them  OSET monitors the work of implementers and progamme delivery
Assessment of learning outcomes		- A quality assurance and accreditation tool being developed/instituted by the Botswana Examinations Council for ABEP and OSEC  The Skills Development and Training Programme is assessed and accredited by the Botswana Training Authority (BOTA)

6.2 Are there pre-service and in-service training programmes for educators/facilitators for adult education and adult literacy? Please mark all that apply, considering provider and type of training programme.

Adult education							
	Pre-s	Pre-service		rvice			
Provider	Mark if yes	Typical duration (months)	Mark if yes	Typical duration (months)			
Governmental institution University Private company Non-governmental organisation		Depends on the length of the course		Depends on the length of the course			
Adult literacy Pre-service In-service							
Provider	Mark if yes	Typical duration (months)	Mark if yes	Typical duration (months)			
Governmental institution University Private company Non-governmental organisation		Depends on qualification (Certificate/ Diploma/ Degree etc		Weeks or months			

6.3 What is the average monthly remuneration (in nominal local currency) for a full-time educator/ facilitator in the following programmes? (academic year ending in 2010)					
Programme	Monthly average remuneration if available	Remarks/source			
Adult education (excluding literacy programmes)					
Adult literacy		The source is GO	VERNMENT.		
	BwP 7,800/month				
6.4 Have any initiatives been undertaken by the g	overnment concerning	the working conditi	ons of adult		
educators/facilitators/volunteers? Please mark if y					
	Adult education	Mark all that apply			
	Adult literacy				
6.5 Have the national or sub-national government	to implemented monito	ring and avaluation	machaniama?		
(If yes, mark all that apply)	is implemented monito	illig and evaluation	mechanisms?		
	A dult a dua atian	Monitoring	Evaluation		
	Adult education Adult literacy				
OSET has developed and automated monitoring tool which is currently being implemented by the Regions to monitor implementation of ABEP, OSEC and SDT programmes					
6.6 Have the national or sub-national governme programme design and implementation since 200		dies in order to info	orm policy and		
programme design and implementation since 200	9:	Mark all that apply			
	Lifelong learning Adult education Adult literacy				
If one or more of the boxes is marked, please provide a brief description and references: The 2013 National Literacy Survey has been commissioned and preparations are on-going - jointly by the Ministry of Education and Skills Development and Statistics Botswana  Consolidating Full Participation in Education in Botswana: Why Children Do Not Complete School and What To Do About It. Consultancy Report by: Redi4Channge LLC May 2011					
6.7 Please provide any additional information, explanations or comments that you consider relevant in order to clarify any potential issues regarding the information in this section.					

## 7. CONFINTEA VI follow-up: additional activities

7.1 Please indicate which activities have been implemented as a follow-up to CONFINTEA VI and the implementation of the <i>Belém Framework for Action</i> .				
Advocacy events (conference, forum, etc.)  Media campaigns Publications (booklets, leaflets, posters, etc.) Creation of committees to streamline adult education and adult literacy Adult Learners Week/Learning festivals Creation of learners' networks and/or fora Translation of the Belém Framework for Action into the national language Presenting the Belém Framework for Action to parliament Elaboration of a funding plan Development of a national roadmap for the implementation of the Belém Framework for Action Other (please specify below)	Mark if taken place			
7.2 Is there any innovative experience in adult education and/or adult literacy that has been developed in your country since 2009 (CONFINTEA VI) that could be instructive for other countries? If yes, provide a brief description and references.				
NO NO				
7.3 Please provide any additional information, explanations or comments that you consider relevant in order to clarify any potential issues regarding the information in this section.				

# 8. The United Nations Literacy Decade (2003-2012): specific activities under the framework of the UNLD after the mid-term review in 2006

8.1 Which specific advocacy initiatives/ activities for youth and adult literacy have been undertaken in your									
country in the last five years? Please rank the frequency/intensity and results or impact of such advocacy work.									
			Frequ	iency			Results		
		very frequent	often	hardly	never	excellent	poob	modest	no results
Advocacy events (conferen	nce, forum, etc.)			$\boxtimes$		$\boxtimes$			
	edia campaigns		$\boxtimes$			$\boxtimes$			
Publications (booklets, leaflet			$\square$			$\boxtimes$			
Other (please	e specify below)								
8.2 Have there been specific	initiatives/ activiti	es in su	ipport o	t?				Yes	No
women and girls?					763				
							. <b>J</b>		$\boxtimes$
If yes, please provide a brief description and references:									
other excluded/ under-represented/underprivileged groups?									
If yes, please provide a brief description and reference: Consultations followed by the on-going development of the Out of School Education for Children (OSEC) to cater for the marginalised children.									
8.3 How would you rate the in for literacy?	npact of the UN L	_iteracy	Decade	e in help	ing to b	oost yo	ur advo	cacy eff	orts
It has been extremely helpful	It has helped a l								
If your answer is different from "it has not helped", please provide below a brief explanation and examples of advocacy efforts, commenting on their degree of success:  The UNLD Plan of Action informed the transformation of Out of School Education and Training									

8.4 Have literacy policies changed in your country in the last five years?	Yes	No
If yes, please specify how they have changed below and provide evidence.		
The change is in progress:		
- Accreditation and quality assurance for the programmes are emphasised.		
- Equivalences are also emphasised to facilitate mobility by learners across programmes		

8.5 Have your literacy targets changed over the last five years?		No			
If yes, please provide below a brief explanation:					
Figures went down 3,000 learners during the period of programme review, especially for the Adult Basic Education Programme (ABEP) and now the graph is generally rising (currently at 7,305 learners)					

8.6 What are the country's current capacity-building needs in literacy and what are the obstacles and challenges in meeting them?

All the three OSET programmes (Adult Basic Education - ABEP, Out of School Education for Children - OSEC, and Skills Development and Training - SDT programmes) adopt an outcomes-based, competency-based and multigrade approaches. Capacity building is required in the following areas:

- Outcomes-based education and assessment
- Competency-based education and assessment
- Multigrade teaching/learning
- Instructional design in these approaches
- Skills development and competencies for policy development

The major obstacles and challenges:

- Lack of internal capacity
- Lack of funding for outsourcing of required skill
- 8.7 What are the major challenges for your literacy programme/s regarding planning and implementation, administration, monitoring and evaluation?
- Appropriate assessment system not yet in place for the ABEP and OSEC
- No standards to guide multiple providers
- Inefficient data collection from the Regions
- No direct policy for adult education and adult literacy

8.8 Are there other obstacles or major challenges in increasing efforts in literacy? Which of these areas, or other areas, requires further research?

- All resources (money, matrial and human resources)
- Language barriers
- Mobility of some communities and the need for mobile/responsive literacy and adult education provision is an area requiring research

8.9 What are the prospects for sustaining efforts in literacy beyond 2013, and which steps does your government plan to take in this regard?

- Government is going through the process National Development Plan 10 Mid-Term review, reviewing the literacy challenges and re-prioritising
- The National Literacy Survey has been commissioned for 2013. It will inform the future of literacy initiatives.
- The planned UNLD Plan of Action review will also inform the future initiatives and priorities for literacy planning, implementation, administration, amonitoring and evaluation.
- Otherwise, the promotion of quality assurance (accreditation) in literacy programmes in this country has improved the standard and recognition of literacy products and improved their access to further education and training as well as access to competetion in the informal sector markets.