





#### Follow-up of CONFINTEA VI:

#### Reporting template for National progress reports in preparation of the Global Report on Adult Learning and Education (GRALE) and the end of the United Nations Literacy Decade (UNLD)

## National progress report submitted by the Government of Sweden

This report is submitted on behalf of the Government of Sweden in accordance with the commitments made at the Sixth International Conference on Adult Education (CONFINTEA VI)<sup>1</sup> as laid down in the *Belém Framework for Action*<sup>2</sup>, specifically with regard to monitoring its follow-up.

This report is organised in different sections according to the key areas of CONFINTEA VI. Accompanying this are the explanatory notes<sup>3</sup>, which are meant to provide further clarification.

Institution responsible for submitting	National Agency for Education (Skolverket)
this report	
Submission date	28 February 2012

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> For more information about CONFINTEA VI see: http://www.unesco.org/en/confinteavi/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Available in nine languages at <a href="http://www.unesco.org/en/confinteavi/belem-framework-for-action/">http://www.unesco.org/en/confinteavi/belem-framework-for-action/</a>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The explanatory notes are intended to be a reference material to clarify the scope and background of the reporting template and explain some basic terms.

Report	ela	borat	ion	process
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Which institutions and stakeholders provided input to this report?	Mark all that apply
Government Ministries	
Agriculture	
Defence	
Education	$\boxtimes$
Foreign Affairs	
Health	
Interior/Home affairs	
Labour	$\boxtimes$
Others (please mark and specify below)	
Civil society organisations National non-governmental organisations International non-governmental organisations Educational or research institutions/Universities Private sector companies United Nations agencies Non-UN bilateral or multilateral organisations Others (please mark and specify below)	

Briefly provide any additional information on the process by which this report has been produced, including information on: 1) which types of public authorities were consulted or contributed to its preparation; 2) how the stakeholders were consulted and how the outcomes of this consultation were taken into account; and 3) the types of references used as a basis for reporting.

- 1. The National Agency for Education, AE unit (Skolverket), the National Council of Adult Education (Folkbildningsrådet), the Nordic Network for Adult Learning (Nordvux)
- 2. Ongoing cooperation and share of knowledge between stakeholders/NGOs, national agencies and governement.
- 3. official statistics, national/international reports, legal documents, AE experts within GO and NGO

1. Definitions and data collection on adult learning and educatio	n	
	Yes	No
1.1 Does your country have an official definition of adult education?		
If Yes, please provide it in the space below:		$\bowtie$
	ļ	
1.1.1 Are other definitions used in practice?	1	
If Yes, please provide them in the space below:	I	
Formal municipal adult education is divided in 3 sub groups:	1	
1. Adult basic education with the aim of providing adults with skills at levels equivalent to 9-year compulsory school education and upper secondary level with the aim to give individuals 20 years of age or more the chance to take both theoretical/academic and vocationally-oriented courses. Such courses may then allow the learner to either continue to post-secondary VET forms, higher		
education, apprenticeship-like training leading to certification at sectoral level or direct labour market entry.		
2. Adult education for the intellectually disabled. The scheme, which is divided into basic adult education and upper secondary level education, is intended for adults with intellectual disabilities, acquired brain injuries, autism or autism-related conditions.		
3. Education in Swedish for immigrants. The education should result in basic knowledge of Swedish. Sfi is also aimed at giving adult immigrants who can't read and write the possibility to gain this knowledge.		
Formal higher vocational education (HVE) is also a part of the adult education. HVE is a post-secondary form of education combining theoretical studies with a strong practical approach embedded in the workplace. The largest number of programmes offered is in the field of business finance and administration, along with sales and manufacturing technology. Other prominent areas include IT, hospitality and tourism, health care and agriculture.		
Non formal adult education		
Study associations and folk high schools (folkbildning) are important parts of the non-formal education system. The government provides financial support, but the organisations are free to shape their own activities based on overall objectives. This freedom is of central importance to understanding the role of folkbildning in Swedish society. Freedom from governmental control and the strong ties to the non-profit sector make folkbildning		
a force for societal change. The common concepts of folkbildning are noticeable not least in its practical activities in a dynamic interaction with the participants.		
Folkbildning has the following characteristics:  * It is always voluntary for the individual to participate in folkbildning.  * The participants have considerable opportunities to influence the content of the		
activities.  * Folkbildning is characterised by an environment in which learning and social interaction go hand in hand. The circumstances and experiences of every		
participant are taken into account.		
* Folkbildning contributes to strengthening civil society through close co-operation	Ì	

with volunteer organisations, associations and various types of networks.		
1.2 Has your country adopted or developed an official definition of <b>literacy</b> ?  If Yes, please provide it in the space below:		
1.2.1 Are other definitions used in practice?  If Yes, please provide them in the space below:  A person is functionally literate who can engage in all those activities in which literacy is required for effective functioning of his (sic) group and community and also for enabling him to continue to use reading, writing and calculation for his own and the community's development (UN definition)		
1.3 How is literacy data obtained in your country?		
Please select the option(s) below National census School administrative data (years of schooling completed/primary certificate) Direct testing (e.g. Literacy Assessment and Monitoring Programme, LAMP) Household surveys Other methodology (please describe below):		
1.4 Has your country changed literacy data collection methods since the UNLD mid-term review in 2006?		$\boxtimes$
If Yes, please select the option(s) below that best describe the change(s)  New conceptual definition on literacy in place (for policy)  New conceptual definition on literacy in place (for data collection only)  New assessment of youth and/or adults' literacy skills  Increase in the periodicity without significant conceptual changes  Other changes (please provide details below):		
1.5 Has your country faced challenges in collecting literacy data?		
If Yes, please describe them briefly in the space below:		
1.6 Please provide any additional information, explanations or comments that you conder to clarify any potential issues regarding the information in this section.	onsider rele	evant in

### 2. Policy: political commitment to adult education and adult literacy

2.1 Does your country have laws, legal regulations or other public policy measures/initiatives with a primary focus of supporting lifelong learning, adult education and adult literacy? Please name them, giving the year in which they were enacted and adding documentation/evidence, if possible.					
	Yes	No	If Yes: name of legal/policy instrume references (add as many lines as needed)		Year
Lifelong learning	$\boxtimes$		Education act (2010:800)		2011
Adult education	$\boxtimes$		Education act (2010:800)		2011
Adult literacy	$\boxtimes$		Education act (2010:800)		2011
address? Examples cou	ld inclu h disab	ide wo ilities,	do current national adult education and/or acomen, youth, indigenous peoples, minority lingurary rural residents, prisoners and others (pleass of the target group?	nguistic/ethni	c groups,
	,		fic target groups, including age range (add as many lines as needed)		umber of in the group
Adult education  Adult literacy	All adults without educational level equivalent to 9- year compulsory school education or without equivalent to upper secondary level and swedish for immigrants, age 20+  All adults without educational levels equivalent to 9- year compulsory school education (adult basic			0000	
/ tduit interacy	Cu	dodilo	in and swedish for immigrants) age 201	100	3000
2.3 Has your country set any goals and deadlines that national policy/ies in adult education and/or adult literacy are expected to reach? If yes, please specify the goal and, if applicable, relevant timeframe.					
	Yes	Yes No Specify goal Specify			timeframe
Adult education Adult literacy					
2.4 Does your country have a policy on the language of instruction in adult education?  Yes No				No	
					$\boxtimes$
If Yes, please provide a brief explanation and references in the space below including when it was put in place:					

accredit non-formal and informal learning?	vork to recogni	se, validate and	Yes	No
			$\boxtimes$	
If Yes, please provide a brief explanation are framework was put in place: Definition of validation included in the Education support accreditation of prior learning		•	_	
2.6 Have action plans been formulated or u (December 2009) at national or sub-national		ONFINTEA VI	Yes	No
		Adult education		$\boxtimes$
If Yes, please provide a brief explanation ar	nd references:			
		Adult literacy		$\boxtimes$
If Yes, please provide a brief explanation ar	nd references:			
2.7 Have adult education and adult literacy	been included	in other national plans	s/strategies?	
Adult education:	Mark all that apply	Timeframe	Reference	es
National Development Plan Poverty Reduction Strategy Paper Education strategy				
Skills development (including vocational education and training) strategy				
Education For All Fast Track Initiative (EFA FTI) Education Sector Plan Sustainable development strategy Other (specify in the space below)				
Adult literacy:	Mark all that apply	Timeframe	Reference	es
National Development Plan Poverty Reduction Strategy Paper Education strategy				
Skills development (including vocational education and training) strategy				
Education For All Fast Track Initiative	П			

Sustainable dev Other (specify in			
2.8 Have adult learners or plans?	and/or adult li	teracy learners been involved in discussio	ns about your policy and
	Yes No	Specify policy/plan (add as many lines as needed)	References
Adult education			
Adult literacy			
If Yes, please elaborate	how they hav	e been involved.	
		rmation, explanations or comments that you garding the information in this section.	ou consider relevant in

#### 3. Governance: governance and cooperation in adult education and adult literacy

3.1 Please list the names of organisations, institutions or agencies that are involved in planning, implementing and evaluating policies for adult education and adult literacy. Please mark/tick the level(s) at which they operate (national, sub-national). Governmental: Institution Is it involved in the implementation of Geographical scope programmes/courses? (add as many lines (mark all that apply) as needed) (mark all that apply) National Sub-national On adult education On adult literacy The Swedish  $\boxtimes$  $\boxtimes$ National Agency for  $\boxtimes$ Education The Swedish School  $\boxtimes$  $\boxtimes$  $\boxtimes$ Inspectorate The National Agency for Special  $\boxtimes$  $\boxtimes$  $\boxtimes$ Needs Education and Schools National Agency for **Higher Vocational**  $\boxtimes$  $\Box$  $\boxtimes$ Education П Non-Governmental: Institution Is it involved in the implementation of Geographical scope (add as many lines programmes/courses? (mark all that apply) as needed) (mark all that apply) National Sub-national On adult education On adult literacy National Council of  $\boxtimes$  $\boxtimes$  $\boxtimes$ **Adult Education** П П П 3.2 Is there any entity at national level responsible for ensuring the coordination of Yes No adult education and/or adult literacy activities?  $\boxtimes$ **Adult education** 

If Yes, please provide name and contact details:  National Agency for Education (Skolverket), Stockholm, tel: +46 8 527 332 00		
Adult literacy	$\boxtimes$	
If Yes, please provide name and contact details:  National Agency for Education (Skolverket), Stockholm, tel: +46 8 527 332 00		

3.3 Does the national government conduct specific actions intended to facilitate cooperation among the different stakeholders in	Yes	No
adult education?		
If Yes, please indicate what activities are undertaken and/or which frameworks are in references: ongoing cooperation with stakeholders. Important task for the national agency for eduand develop the contacts with stakeholders ie employer associations, the trade unior NGOs, student associations aso.	ucation to co	ordinate
adult literacy?	$\boxtimes$	
If Yes, please indicate what activities are undertaken and/or which frameworks are in references: ongoing cooperation with many stakeholders. Important task for the national agency f coordinate and develop the contacts with stakeholders ie employers association, the different kind of NGOs, student associations aso.	or education	to
	I	
3.4 Does the national government provide capacity-building to ensure that the different stakeholders are able to participate in policy and programme development, implementation and evaluation in	Yes	No
adult education?		$\boxtimes$
If Yes, please indicate what activities are undertaken and provide references:		
adult literacy?		$\boxtimes$
If Yes, please indicate what activities are undertaken and provide references:		
	Г	
3.5 Do local communities play a role in the planning, implementation and evaluation of programmes in	Yes	No
adult education? adult literacy?		
3.6 Please provide any additional information, explanations or comments that you cor order to clarify any potential issues regarding the information in this section.	nsider relevar	nt in
The Act of education and adult education curriculum states national quality criterias a providers are responsible for that the education is conducted in accordance with the r		

4. Financ	ing: investment in adul	t education and	l adult literacy	
expenditure	public expenditure provided in is not available, please providate which data are reported:		should refer to actual e	expenditure. If actual
	Actual expenditure		Budget alloc	ation
4.2 Please in	ndicate the name of the curren	cy used for reporting	g:	
SEK				
4.3 Please in	ndicate the monetary unit used	I in the following tab	les:	
Units	Hundreds		usands	Millions
	s the overall public expenditur 10 (in nominal local currency)		training in the financia	al years ending in
		Amount (2009)	Amount (2010)	Source
	National government	5700	5900	2009: http://www.skolver ket.se/polopoly_fs /1.136303!Menu/a rticle/attachment/ Samtliga%2520ve rksamheter_Kostn ader_Riks_Tab1w ebb.xls  2010: http://www.skolver ket.se/polopoly_fs /1.154726!Menu/a rticle/attachment/ Samtliga%20verk samheter Kostna

4.5 Are equivalent figures on the financial contributions to adult education by the following agents available?				
	Amount (2009)	Amount (2010)	Not available	
National government				

5900

5700

Total

Sub-national governments<sup>5</sup>

der\_Tab1\_Riks\_2 010webb.xls

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Include both current and capital expenditure on education and training directly allocated to educational institutions as well as transfers and payments to students (scholarships, grants or loans for tuition fees and/or living expenses) and the private sector. Exclude expenditure other than for educational institutions (e.g. general administration at ministry level). If the information is not available, please provide the best possible estimates. In any case, attach a detailed explanation on how this amount was computed and possible anomalies (elements not covered, etc.). 
<sup>5</sup> Control for the potential double-counting effect of transfers across different government levels.

Sub-national governments <sup>5</sup>			$\boxtimes$				
Civil society organisations			$\boxtimes$				
Donors/international aid (not loans)			$\boxtimes$				
Private companies			$\boxtimes$				
Learners/households			$\boxtimes$				
4.6 Are equivalent figures on the financial of	contributions to adult	literacy by the followi	ng agents available?				
	Amount (2009)	Amount (2010)	Not available				
National government							
Sub-national governments <sup>5</sup>			$\boxtimes$				
Civil society organisations			$\boxtimes$				
Donors/international aid (not loans)			$\boxtimes$				
Private companies			$\boxtimes$				
Learners/households			$\boxtimes$				
4.7 Have new mechanisms or sources of full literacy been introduced since CONFINTE.			Yes No				
-							
If Yes, please provide a brief description:							
4.8 Please provide any additional informati			nsider relevant in				
order to clarify any potential issues regardi	ng the information in	this section.					
Information in 4.4 refers to the Formal municipal adult education (3 groups) described in question 1.1.							

# 5. Participation: youth and adults' access to, and participation in, education and literacy programmes

5.1 Please indicate the areas of learning that are addressed by different organisations. Identify target groups (for example women, youth, indigenous peoples, minority linguistic/ethnic groups, migrants, individuals with disabilities, rural residents, prisoners and others) and if information and communication technologies (ICTs) are used.

equivalent ory or without er and same ser ser ser ser ser ser ser ser ser se
nd rants
p(s) Use of ICT
p(s) Use of
101

Use of information and communi					
techno	•		All adults (20+)		
Official/local lang	uages	$\boxtimes$	All adults (20+)		
Foreign lang	uages	$\boxtimes$	All adults (20+)		
Human rights/civic edu		$\square$	All adults (20+)		
Liberal education/personal growth (i.e. a	rtistic, ultural)	$\boxtimes$	All adults (20+)		$\boxtimes$
(please provide a brief description b	Other elow:)				
[ [ ] ]	10				
5.2 Are there surveys on provision and dema	and?		Dravisian	l Da	
On	adult e	ducation	Provision	De	mand
		It literacy			⊠ ⊠
Please provide references or attach reports		-	n produced with the	information	aenerated
by these surveys (if any).		,			generale
5.3 Please list which languages are used for	the pro	vision of lite	eracy programmes.	Indicate if le	earning
materials are available in the respective lang		T.			
(add as many lines as neede	ed)		Mark if language	of learning	materials
swedish					
				$\frac{\sqcup}{\sqcap}$	
				<u> </u>	
		•			
5.4 List and describe briefly any key challeng other than the official/dominant language(s).		ated to imple	ementing literacy cla	sses in lang	guages
5.5 Have the languages in which literacy pro	gramm	es are offer	ed changed	Yes	No
since the UNLD mid-term review in 2006?					
If Yes, please provide a brief description and	d refere	nces:			
5.6 At what administrative levels are literacy process?	learnin	g materials	developed and who	is involved	in the
F. 55555	Mark	k all that	Are local com	munities inv	olved?
		apply	Yes		No
National leve					
l Sub-national level		$\boxtimes$	$\boxtimes$		

Please provide references or attach documents on local community participation:
AE/literacy learning materials based on the national curriculum for AE are mainly produced by commercial publishers and local communities adapt the material to local conditions.

5.7 Please provide any additional information, explanations or comments that you consider relevant in order to clarify any potential issues regarding the information in 5.1 to 5.6. Pay particular attention to innovative practices and services for marginalised groups.							
Local development of AE includes combinations of V	ET and swed	ish for	immigran	ts or ABE			
In January 2010 a new measure was implemented ai not finished upper secondary school, back to studies schools each year 2010-2011. In the Budget Bill for extension of the programme until the end of 2013.	The initiative	e inclu	ded 1 000	places in	folk hi		
5.8 Does the government collect information on the fo	ollowing items	s?			Mark a		
Enrolment in adult education programmes	s (other than	literacy	/ program	mes)	<u> </u>		
Attendance in adult education programmes		-		-			
Completion of adult education programmes	•						
Completion of additional programmor	Enrolment in	•		,	Ĺ	]	
	Attendance in				F		
	Completion of					_ ]	
If this information is available please attach the corre					or provi	de the	
references:	, 55			,	•		
www.scb.se (Statistics Sweden)							
5.9 Does the government measure the learning outco (mark all that apply)	omes of the fo				Ţ		
	Only by		dardised	Standar			
	teachers/		sts for tistical	tests certifica	()the		
	facilitators		poses	purpos			
Adult education programmes (other than literacy)		Pui			300	$\boxtimes$	
Adult literacy programmes							
If this information is available please attach the corre	sponding figu	ıres ar	nd docume	entation, c	or provi	de the	
references:					•		
www.scb.se (Statistics Sweden), www.skolverket.se	(National age	ency fo	r educatio	n)			
5.10 Are there differences between men and women		neir		lark all th			
participation in adult education and/or adult literacy p	rogrammes?		Ye	es		No	
	Adult educa Adult lite						
If ves: Who	participates m	nore?	Adult ed	lucation	Adult	literacy	
" you. Willo		omen	D				
		Men		Ī		Ш	
					l		

If there are differences: Have measures have been undertaken to address these differences in adult education/adult literacy programmes?  Adult education Adult literacy	Yes	No ⊠ ⊠						
If measures have been undertaken please provide a brief description and references:								
5.11 Please provide any additional information, explanations or comments that you consider relevant in order to clarify any potential issues regarding the information in 5.8 to 5.10. Pay particular attention to equity-related issues regarding access, participation and outcomes.								

#### 6. Quality: quality assurance

6.1 Do quality criteria for adult education and adult literacy exist in the following areas: curriculum, learning materials, facilitators' training, teaching/learning methodology and assessment of learning outcomes? If yes, please specify. Since when have they been in place?

Adult education			
Area	Mark when quality criteria are in place	Indicate year when quality criteria were introduced	Specify quality criteria in place
Curricula		1985	Quality criterias as described in the AE curriculum and Act of education. Local AE providers are obliged to document quality assurance
Learning materials		1985	Quality criterias as described in the Act of education and AE curriculum. Local AE providers are obliged to document quality assurance and to reach the national goals
Facilitators' training		1985	Quality criterias as described in the AE curriculum and Act of education. Local AE providers are obliged to document quality assurance
Teaching/ learning methods		1985	Quality criterias as described in the AE curriculum and Act of education. Local AE providers are obliged to document quality assurance
Assessment of learning outcomes		1985	Quality criterias as described in the AE curriculum and Act of education. Local AE providers are obliged to document quality assurance

Adult literacy			
Area	Mark when quality criteria are in place	Indicate year when quality criteria were introduced	Specify quality criteria in place
Curricula		1985	Quality criterias as described in the AE curriculum and Act of education. Local AE providers are obliged to document quality assurance
Learning materials		1985	Quality criterias as described in the AE curriculum and Act of education. Local AE providers are obliged to document quality assurance
Facilitators' training		1985	Quality criterias as described in

				educa	E curriculum a ation. Local Al bliged to docu ance	E providers
Teaching/ learning methods		1985		Quality the Alleduca	ty criterias as E curriculum a ation. Local Al bliged to docu	and Act of E providers
Assessment of learning outcomes		1985		Quality criterias as describe the AE curriculum and Act education. Local AE provid are obliged to document quassurance		and Act of E providers
6.2 Are there pre-service and in-service training programmes for educators/facilitators for adult education and adult literacy? Please mark all that apply, considering provider and type of training programme.						
Adult education	<u> </u>	D				
		Pre-s	ervice		In-se	
Provider		Mark if yes	Typica duratio (month	n	Mark if yes	Typical duration (months)
Governmental ir						12
	niversity	$\boxtimes$	48			12
Private o		님			片	
Non-governmental orga  Adult literacy	ariisaliori					
Addit itteracy		Pre-s	ervice		In-se	rvice
		1100	Typica	ıl		Typical
Provider		Mark if yes	duratio (month	n	Mark if yes	duration (months)
Governmental ir					$\boxtimes$	12
	niversity	$\boxtimes$	48			12
Private o		님			님	
Non-governmental orga	ariisaliori					
6.3 What is the average monthly rem facilitator in the following programme				/) for a	full-time educ	ator/
Programme		remunei	onthly average emuneration if Remarks/s available		ource	
Adult education (exclude pr	ding literacy ogrammes)	27000 SEI	<	2010 (www.scb.se)		
Ad	ult literacy	27000 SE			(www.scb.se)	
1					, ======/	
6.4 Have any initiatives been underta educators/facilitators/volunteers? Ple			concerning	the wo	orking conditio	ns of adult
					Mark all tha	t apply
			ducation t literacy			

6.5 Have the national or sub-national governments implemented monitoring and evaluation mechanisms? (If yes, mark all that apply)							
	Monitoring	Evaluation					
Adult education Adult literacy	$\boxtimes \boxtimes$	$\boxtimes$					
Please provide a brief description and references: National school inspectorate (Skolinspektionen) National evaluation and follow up (National agency for education) PIAAC, International evaluation (Ministry of education and research and	Statistics Sweden,	www.scb.se)					
6.6 Have the national or sub-national governments commissioned stude programme design and implementation since 2009?	dies in order to info	orm policy and					
Mark all that apply							
Lifelong learning Adult education Adult literacy	$\boxtimes$						
If one or more of the boxes is marked, please provide a brief description and references:							
Ongoing activity for the National Agency for Education-one of their main	tasks						
6.7 Please provide any additional information, explanations or comments order to clarify any potential issues regarding the information in this sect		relevant in					

## 7. CONFINTEA VI follow-up: additional activities

7.1 Please indicate which activities have been implemented as a follow-up to CONFINTEA VI and the implementation of the <i>Belém Framework for Action</i> .					
Advocacy events (conference, forum, etc.)  Media campaigns Publications (booklets, leaflets, posters, etc.) Creation of committees to streamline adult education and adult literacy Adult Learners Week/Learning festivals Creation of learners' networks and/or fora Translation of the Belém Framework for Action into the national language Presenting the Belém Framework for Action to parliament Elaboration of a funding plan Development of a national roadmap for the implementation of the Belém Framework for Action Other (please specify below)	Mark if taken place				
7.2 Is there any innovative experience in adult education and/or adult literacy that has your country since 2009 (CONFINTEA VI) that could be instructive for other countries brief description and references.					
State support to municipalities to offer initial VET and apprenticeship for adults. Poss ABE, upper secondary level general subjetcs, swedish for immigrants	sible to combine with				
7.3 Please provide any additional information, explanations or comments that you conder to clarify any potential issues regarding the information in this section.	nsider relevant in				
CONFINTEA VI has not increased the focus on adult education as there are, since n concerning the right for adults to get primary education and obligations for municipal education.					

# 8. The United Nations Literacy Decade (2003-2012): specific activities under the framework of the UNLD after the mid-term review in 2006

8.1 Which specific advocacy initiatives/ activities for youth and adult literacy have been undertaken in your country in the last five years? Please rank the frequency/intensity and results or impact of such advocacy								
work.		Frequency Res					ults	
	very frequent often hardly sold good					modest	no results	
Advocacy events (conference, forum, etc.)  Media campaigns Publications (booklets, leaflets, posters, etc.)  Other (please specify below) se 8.7								
8.2 Have there been specific initiatives/ activition	es in su	pport of	?				Yes	No
women and girls?								
other excluded/ under-represented/underprivileged groups?  If yes, please provide a brief description and reference: State support for persons belonging to the sami minority to get litterate in sami laguages.								
8.3 How would you rate the impact of the UN L for literacy?	iteracy	Decade	in help	ing to be	oost yo	ur advo	cacy effo	rts
neipiui 🗍	It has been extremely  It has beloned a lot							
If your answer is different from "it has not helped", please provide below a brief explanation and examples of advocacy efforts, commenting on their degree of success:								
8.4 Have literacy policies changed in your coun	ntry in tl	he last f	ive year	s?			Yes	No 🖂
If yes, please specify how they have changed	below a	nd prov	ide evia	lence.				

8.5 Have your literacy targets changed over the last five years?	Yes	No
If yes, please provide below a brief explanation:		
8.6 What are the country's current capacity-building needs in literacy and what are the obstact challenges in meeting them?	cles and	
8.7 What are the major challenges for your literacy programme/s regarding planning and impadministration, monitoring and evaluation?	lementat	tion,
Every municipality must seek out illiterate subjects, mostly immigrants, and motivate them to	attend a	adult
education.		
8.8 Are there other obstacles or major challenges in increasing efforts in literacy?		
Which of these areas, or other areas, requires further research?		
8.9 What are the prospects for sustaining efforts in literacy beyond 2013, and which steps do government plan to take in this regard?	es your	
see 7.3		
Sec 1.3		